## PAPER-5 : ADVANCED ACCOUNTING

Question No. 1 is compulsory.
Candidates are also required to answer any five questions from the remaining six questions.
Working notes should form part of the respective answers.
Wherever necessary, candidates are permitted to make suitable assumptions which should be disclosed by way of a note.

## Question 1

(a) H Ltd. began the construction of a new building on 1st April 2020. It obtained a special loan of $₹ 6,00,000$ on 1st April 2020 at an interest of $12 \%$ to finance the construction of the building.
The company's other outstanding two non-specific loans on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2020 were as follows:

| Amount in ₹ | Rate of Interest (p.a.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $30,00,000$ | $14 \%$ |
| $54,00,000$ | $16 \%$ |

The expenditure incurred on the building project was as per detail given below:

|  | Amount In ₹ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1st May, 2020 | $12,00,000$ |
| 1st $^{\text {July, 2020 }}$ | $15,00,000$ |
| 1st $^{\text {St }}$ October, 2020 | $27,00,000$ |
| 1st March, 2021 | $7,20,000$ |

The building was completed by $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2021.
Following the provisions of Accounting Standard 16, you are required to calculate the amount of interest to be capitalized and also give one Journal Entry for capitalizing the cost and borrowing cost in respect of the building.
(b) Light Limited leased a machine to Thunder Limited on the following terms:

|  |  | (₹ $/ n$ Lakhs) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (i) | Fair value of the machine | 72 |
| (ii) | Lease term | 5 years |
| (iii) | Lease rental per annum | 12 |
| (iv) | Guaranteed residual value | 2.40 |
| (v) | Expected residual value | 4.50 |
| (vi) | Internal rate of return | $15 \%$ |

Discounted rates for $1^{\text {st }}$ year to $5^{\text {th }}$ year are $0.8696,0.7561,0.6575,0.5718$ and 0.4972 respectively.
You are required to calculate Unearned Finance Income.
(c) Sunrise Ltd. acquired a copyright on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2017 for $₹ 364$ Lakhs. The copyright was available for use from $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2017 itself. The company amortizes the copyright over a period of 13 years on straight line basis. Accordingly Sunrise Ltd. is showing the copyright at ₹ 252 Lakhs as on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2021.
You are required to comment on the accounting treatment of copyright with reference to the requirement of relevant Accounting Standard.
(d) A Company dealing in software provides after sales warranty for 2 years to its customer. Based on past experience, the company has been following policy for making provision for warranties on the invoice amount, on the remaining balance warranty period:
Less than 1 year: $3 \%$ provision
More than 1 year: $4 \%$ provision
The company has raised invoices as under:

| Invoice Date | Amount (₹) |
| :--- | ---: |
| 19th January, 2019 | $1,20,000$ |
| 29th January, 2020 | 75,000 |
| 15th October, 2020 | $2,70,000$ |

You are required to calculate the provision to be made for warranty under Accounting Standard 29 as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2020 and $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021. Also compute the amount to be debited to Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2021.
(4 Parts $\times 5$ Marks $=20$ Marks)

## Answer

(a) Interest amount to be capitalized

|  |  | $₹$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Specific borrowings (₹ $6,00,000 \times 12 \%)$ | $=$ | 72,000 |
| Non-specific borrowings | $=$ |  |
| $\left[₹ 30,35,000(₹ 36,35,000-₹ 6,00,000) \times 15.29 \%^{*}\right]$ | $=$ | $\underline{5,36,052}$ |
| Amount of interest to be capitalized |  |  |

Journal Entry for capitalizing cost and borrowing cost

| Date | Particulars | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 31.3 .2021 | Building account | Dr. | $66,56,052$ |
|  |  |  |  |


|  | (Cost of building ₹ $61,20,000 ~+$ borrowing <br> cost ₹ 5,36,052) <br> To Bank account <br> (Being amount of cost of building and <br> borrowing cost thereon capitalized) |  | $66,56,052$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Working notes:

(i) Computation of average accumulated expenses

|  |  | ₹ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $₹ 12,00,000 \times 11 / 12$ | $=$ | $11,00,000$ |
| $₹ ~$ | $=$ | $11,25,000$ |
| $₹ 27,00,000 \times 9 / 12$ | $=$ | $13,50,000$ |
| $₹ 7,20,000 \times 1 / 12$ | $=$ | 60,000 |
| $\underline{61,20,000}$ |  | $\underline{36,35,000}$ |

(ii) Calculation of average interest rate other than for specific borrowings

| Amount of loan ( ${ }^{\text {F }}$ ) | Rate of interest | Amount of interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30,00,000 | 14\% | 4,20,000 |
| 54,00,000 | 16\% | 8,64,000 |
| 84,00,000 |  | 12,84,000 |
| Weighted average rate of interest $\left(\frac{12,84,000}{84,00,000} \times 100\right)$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 15.29 \%{ }^{*} \\ \text { (Rounded off) } \end{array}$ |

Note:
The weighted average rate of interest may also be rounded off as $15.28 \%$ or $15.286 \%$. Alternative answers based on this weighted average rate of interest may also be given due credit.
(b) As per AS 19 on Leases, unearned finance income is the difference between (a) the gross investment in the lease and (b) the present value of minimum lease payments under a finance lease from the standpoint of the lessor; and any unguaranteed residual value accruing to the lessor, at the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Where:
(a) Gross investment in the lease is the aggregate of (i) minimum lease payments from the stand point of the lessor and (ii) any unguaranteed residual value accruing to the lessor.

Gross investment $=$ Minimum lease payments + Unguaranteed residual value
$=[$ Total lease rent + Guaranteed residual value (GRV)] + Unguaranteed residual value (URV)
$=[(₹ 12,00,000 \times 5$ years $)+₹ 2,40,000]+₹ 2,10,000=₹ 64,50,000(a)$
(b) Table showing present value of (i) Minimum lease payments (MLP) and (ii) Unguaranteed residual value (URV).

| Year | MLP inclusive of URV <br> $₹$ | Internal rate of return <br> (Discount factor @ 15\%) | Present Value <br> $₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 1 | $12,00,000$ | 0.8696 | $10,43,520$ |
| 2 | $12,00,000$ | 0.7561 | $9,07,320$ |
| 3 | $12,00,000$ | 0.6575 | $7,89,000$ |
| 4 | $12,00,000$ | 0.5718 | $6,86,160$ |
| 5 | $12,00,000$ | 0.4972 | $5,96,640$ |
|  | $\underline{2,40,000}$ (GRV) | 0.4972 | $\underline{1,19,328}$ |
|  | $62,40,000$ |  | $41,41,968$ (i) |
|  | $\underline{2,10,000}$ (URV) | 0.4972 | $\underline{1,04,412 \text { (ii) }}$ |
|  | $\underline{64,50,000}$ | (i)+ (ii) | $\underline{42,46,380(\text { b) }}$ |

Unearned Finance Income (a) - (b) = ₹ 64,50,000-₹ 42,46,380 = ₹ $22,03,620$.
(c) As per AS 26 'Intangible Assets', the depreciable amount of an intangible asset should be allocated on systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life. There is a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten years from the date when the asset is available for use.
Company has been following the policy of amortization of the copyright over a period of 13 years on straight line basis. The period of 13 years is more than the maximum period of 10 years specified as per AS 26 .
Accordingly, the company would be required to restate the carrying amount of intangible asset as on 01.04 .2021 at ₹ 218.40 lakhs i.e. ₹ 364 lakhs less ₹ 145.60 lakhs [ 36.4 ( $364 / 10$ years) x 4 .
The difference of ₹ 33.60 Lakhs ( 252 lakhs -218.40 lakhs) will be adjusted against the opening balance of revenue reserve. The carrying amount of ₹ 218.40 lakhs will be amortized over remaining 6 years by amortizing ₹ 36.40 lakhs per year.
(d) Provision to be made for warranty under AS 29 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'
As at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, $2020=₹ 1,20,000 \times .03+₹ 75,000 \times .04$

$$
=₹ 3,600+₹ 3,000=₹ 6,600
$$

As at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, $2021=₹ 75,000 \times .03+₹ 2,70,000 \times .04$

$$
\text { = ₹ } 2,250+₹ 10,800=₹ 13,050
$$

Amount debited to Profit and Loss Account for year ended $31{ }^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance of provision required as on 31.03.2021 | 13,050 |
| Less: Opening Balance as on 1.4.2020 | $\underline{(6,600)}$ |
| Amount debited to profit and loss account | $\underline{6,450}$ |

Note: No provision will be made on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 in respect of sales amounting ₹ $1,20,000$ made on $19^{\text {th }}$ January, 2019 as the warranty period of 2 years has already expired.

## Question 2

Ram, Shyam and Mohan are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2 respectively. The Trial Balance of their firm as at 31st March, 2021 was as follows:

| Particulars |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Furniture at Cost | $3,00,000$ |  |
| Inventory | $2,06,100$ |  |
| Trade receivables | $1,86,000$ |  |
| Trade payables |  | $2,54,100$ |
| Capital A/cs: |  |  |
| Ram |  | $2,04,000$ |
| Shyam |  | $1,35,000$ |
| Mohan |  | 69,000 |
| Drawing A/cs: | 69,000 |  |
| Ram | 51,000 |  |
| Shyam |  | $1,20,000$ |
| Mohan |  |  |
| Accumulated Depreciation on furniture |  |  |
| Profits for the year ended 31st March, 2021 | $11,55,000$ | $11,55,000$ |
| Cash at Bank |  |  |

Interest on Capital Accounts at 10\% p.a. on the amount standing to the credit of Partners' Capital Accounts at the beginning of the year, was not provided before preparing the above Trial Balance. On the above date, they formed a new company in the name of 'RSM Private Limited'
with an Authorized Share Capital of $3,00,000$ in shares of $₹ 10$ each to be divided in different classes to take over the business of Partnership firm.
You are provided with the following information:

1. Furniture is to be transferred at $₹ 2,10,000$.
2. Shares in the Company are to be issued to the partners, at par, in such numbers, and in such classes as will give the partners, by reason of their shareholdings alone, the same rights as regards interest on capital and the sharing of profit and losses as they had in the partnership.
3. Before transferring the business, the partners wish to draw from the partnership profits to such an extent that the bank balance is reduced to $₹ 1,50,000$. For this purpose, sufficient profits of the year are to be retained in profit-sharing ratio.
4. Assets and liabilities except furniture and bank balance, are to be transferred at their book values as on the above date.
You are required to prepare:
(a) Statement showing the workings of the Number of Shares of each class to be issued by the company to each partner.
(b) Capital Accounts showing all adjustments required to dissolve the Partnership.
(c) Balance Sheet of the Company immediately after acquiring the business of the partnership and issuing of Shares.
(16 Marks)

## Answer

(i) Number of Shares to be issued to Partners

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Assets: Furniture ₹ 2,10,000 + Inventory ₹ 2,06,100 + Trade Receivable | $7,52,100$ |
| ₹ $1,86,000$ + Bank ₹ $1,50,000$ |  |
| Less: Liabilities taken over | $(2,54,100)$ |
| Net Assets taken over (Purchase Consideration) | $4,98,000$ |


| Classes of Shares to be issued: | Ram | Shyam | Mohan | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $10 \%$ Preference Shares of ₹ 10 <br> each (to retain rights as to Interest <br> on Capital) | $2,04,000$ | $1,35,000$ | 69,000 | $4,08,000$ |
| Balance in Equity Shares of ₹ 10 <br> each (4,98,000 less 4,08,000) <br> (Issued in profit sharing ratio) | 45,000 | 27,000 | 18,000 | 90,000 |

(ii)

Partners' Capital Accounts

| Particulars | Ram | Shyam | Mohan | Particulars | Ram | Shyam | Mohan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Drawings | 75,000 | 69,000 | 51,000 | By balance b/d | 2,04,000 | 1,35,000 | 69,000 |
| To 10\% Preference share capital | 2,04,000 | 1,35,000 | 69,000 | By Interest on Capital | 20,400 | 13,500 | 6,900 |
| To Equity Shares | 45,000 | 27,000 | 18,000 | By profit for the year - (W.N. 1) | 1,66,050 | 99,630 | 66,420 |
| To BankAdditional drawings (W.N. 2) | 81,450 | 26,130 | 10,320 | By Realization (Furniture) A/c* | 15,000 | 9,000 | 6,000 |
| Total | 4,05,450 | 2,57,130 | 1,48,320 |  | 4,05,450 | 2,57,130 | 1,48,320 |

* Gain on Transfer of Furniture $=₹ 2,10,000-(3,00,000$ less $1,20,000)=₹ 30,000$ in 5:3:2
(iii) Balance sheet of RSM Pvt. Ltd. as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 (after Takeover of Firm)

|  |  | Note no. | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Equity and Liabilities |  |  |
|  | (1) Shareholders Funds |  |  |
|  | Share Capital | 1 | 4,98,000 |
|  | (2) Current Liabilities |  |  |
|  | Trade Payables |  | 2,54,100 |
|  | Total |  | 7,52,100 |
| II | Assets |  |  |
|  | (1) Non-Current Assets |  |  |
|  | Property, Plant and Equipment - Furniture |  | 2,10,000 |
|  | (2) Current Assets: |  |  |
|  | (a) Inventories |  | 2,06,100 |
|  | (b) Trade Receivables |  | 1,86,000 |
|  | (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents |  | 1,50,000 |
|  | Total |  | 7,52,100 |

## Notes to Accounts

| Particulars | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1. Share capital |  |
| Authorized share capital | $\underline{30,00,000}$ |


| Issued, Subscribed \& paid up |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 9,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each | 90,000 |
| $40,80010 \%$ Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each | $\underline{4,08,000}$ |
| (All above shares issued for consideration other than cash, in takeover <br> of partnership firm) | $\underline{4,98,000}$ |

## Working Notes:

1. Profit \& Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31.3.2021

| Particulars | $₹$ | $₹$ | Particulars | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Interest on Capital: |  |  | By Net Profit | $3,72,900$ |
| Ram [₹ $2,04,000 \times 10 \%$ ] | 20,400 |  | (given) |  |
| Shyam [₹ $1,35,000 \times 10 \%$ ] | 13,500 |  |  |  |
| Mohan [₹69,000 $\times 10 \%$ ] | $\underline{6,900}$ | 40,800 |  |  |
| To Profits transferred to |  |  |  |  |
| Partners' Capitals in |  |  |  |  |
| profit sharing ratio 5:3:2 |  |  |  |  |
| Ram | $1,66,050$ |  |  |  |
| Shyam | 99,630 |  |  |  |
| Mohan | $\underline{66,420}$ | $\underline{3,32,100}$ |  |  |

2. Statement showing Additional Drawings in Cash
(a) Funds available for Drawings

| Add: | Total Drawing of Partners (given) | $1,95,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Further Funds available for Drawings | $\underline{1,17,900}$ |
|  | $(2,67,900-1,50,000)$ | $3,12,900$ |
| Less: | Interest on Capital | $\underline{(40,800)}$ |
|  | Amount available for Drawings | $2,72,100$ |

(b) Ascertainment of Additional Drawings

| Particulars | Ram | Shyam | Mohan |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| As per above statement ₹ $2,72,100$ (in <br> profit sharing ratio) <br> Add: Interest | $\underline{20,36,050}$ | 81,630 | 54,420 |
| $1,56,450$ | $\frac{13,500}{95,130}$ | $\frac{6,900}{61,320}$ |  |


| Less: Already drawn | $\underline{(75,000)}$ | $\underline{(69,000)}$ | $\underline{(51,000)}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Additional Drawings* | $\underline{81,450}$ | $\underline{26,130}$ | $\underline{10,320}$ |

* This may also be calculated through balancing figures in partners' capital accounts.


## Question 3

(a) Jay Ltd. offered 45 Lakhs equity shares of ₹ 10 each at par to the public. The issue was underwritten equally by three underwriters $A, B$ and $C$. The firm underwriting by the underwriters was for 1,50,000 shares each. Total subscriptions were for 38,91,000 shares out of which marked forms were as follows:
A: $12,75,000$ Shares, B: $13,50,000$ Shares, C: $10,50,000$ Shares.
Benefit of firm underwriting was given to underwriters and unmarked applications were credited to the underwriters equally. The underwriters applied for number of shares covered by firm underwriting.
The amount payable on application was ₹ 4 and on allotment ₹ 3 per share. The underwriting commission payable to underwriters was agreed at $3 \%$.
You are required to give Journal Entries in the books of Jay Ltd. for allotment of shares to underwriters, commission due to each of the underwriters and the net cash paid to or received from the underwriters.
(8 Marks)
(b) X Limited grant 7,500 options to its employees on 1.04 .2017 at $₹ 80$ when the market price was ₹134. The vesting period is 3 years. The maximum exercise period is one year. 7,000 options were exercised on 31.03.2021, the remaining 500 options lapsed, the face value of equity share is ₹ 10 per share.
You are required to pass Journal Entries (with narration) for the above transactions.
(8 Marks)

## Answer

(a)

Journal Entries in books of Jay Ltd.


| Share Application A/c <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> (Allotment of shares to underwriters) | 18,00,000 | 42,63,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Underwriting Commission A/c Dr. | 13,50,000 |  |
| To A |  | 4,50,000 |
| To B |  | 4,50,000 |
| To C |  | 4,50,000 |
| (Amount of underwriting commission payable to $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C @ 3\% on the amount of shares underwritten.) | 11,13,000 | 11,13,000 |
| Bank A/c Dr. |  |  |
| To C |  |  |
| (Amount received from C on shares allotted less underwriting commission) |  |  |

Calculation of Amounts Payable by Underwriters

|  | A | B | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Liability (No. of shares) | $1,50,000$ | $1,50,000$ | $3,09,000$ |
|  | $₹$ | $₹$ | $₹$ |
| Amount payable @ ₹ $7^{*}$ per share | $10,50,000$ | $10,50,000$ | $21,63,000$ |
| Less: Amount paid on Firm Applications of | $\underline{(6,00,000)}$ | $\underline{(6,00,000)}$ | $\underline{(6,00,000)}$ |
| 1,50,000 each @ ₹ 4 | $4,50,000$ | $4,50,000$ | $15,63,000$ |
| Balance payable | $\underline{4,50,000}$ | $\underline{4,50,000}$ | $\underline{4,50,000}$ |
| Underwriting Commission Receivable | - | - | - |
| Amount paid by the company | - | - | $11,13,000$ |
| Amount received by the Company | - |  |  |

* Till allotment [ ₹ 3 (balance amount) not considered].


## Working Note:

## Calculation of Liability of Underwriters (in shares)

|  | A | B | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross Liability (No. of shares) | $15,00,000$ | $15,00,000$ | $15,00,000$ |
| Less: Marked Applications (excluding firm | $\frac{(12,75,000)}{2,25,000}$ | $\frac{(13,50,000)}{1,50,000}$ | $\frac{(10,50,000)}{4,50,000}$ |
| underwriting) | $\frac{(72,000)}{1,53,000}$ | $\frac{(72,000)}{78,000}$ | $\frac{(72,000)}{3,78,000}$ |
| Less: Unmarked Applications (equally) | $\underline{(1,50,000)}$ | $\frac{(1,50,000)}{(1,50,000)}$ |  |
| Less: Firm Underwriting | 3,000 | $\frac{(72,000)}{2,28,000}$ |  |


| Surplus of B distributed between A \& C | $\underline{(36,000)}$ | $\underline{72,000}$ | $\underline{(36,000)}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| equally | $(33,000)$ | - | $1,92,000$ |
|  | $\underline{33,000}$ | - | $(33,000)$ |
| Surplus of A allocated to C totally | $\underline{-}$ | $1,59,000$ |  |
| Net liability, excluding firm underwriting | $\underline{1,50,000}$ | $\underline{1,50,000}$ | $\underline{1,50,000}$ |
| Add: Firm underwriting | $\underline{1,50,000}$ | $\underline{1,50,000}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,09,000}}$ |
| Total liability of underwriters |  |  |  |

## Note:

Journal Entries for allotment of shares to underwriters (not including entries for allotment of shares to public) have been given in the solution as per the requirement of the question.
(b)

Journal Entries in the books of X Limited

| Date | Particulars | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dr. } \\ & \text { ( } \overline{\text { P }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cr} \\ & \text { (₹) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31.3.2018 | Employees compensation expenses account Dr. <br> To Employee stock option outstanding account <br> (Being compensation expenses recognized in respect of the employee stock option i.e. 7,500 options granted to employees at a discount of ₹ 54 each, amortized on straight line basis over 3 years - 7,500 stock options x ₹ $54 / 3$ years) | 1,35,000 | 1,35,000 |
|  | Profit and loss account <br> To Employees compensation expenses account <br> (Being expenses transferred to profit and loss account at year end) | 1,35,000 | 1,35,000 |
| 31.3.2019 | Employees compensation expenses account Dr. <br> To Employee stock option outstanding account <br> (Being compensation expenses recognized in respect of the employee stock option i.e. 7,500 options granted to employees at a discount of ₹ 54 each, amortized on straight line basis over 3 years - 7,500 stock options x ₹ $54 / 3$ years) | 1,35,000 | 1,35,000 |



Expenses charged on lapsed vested options transferred to general reserve
$=500 \times ₹ 54$ =₹ 27,000

## NOTE:

Following alternative entries may be given in place of entries (given above) on 31.3.2021:


## Question 4

The Summarized Balance Sheets of Sun Ltd. and Light Ltd. as on 31st March, 2021 are given below.

|  | Sun Ltd. <br> (₹) | Light Ltd. <br> (₹) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| I. $\quad$ Liabilities |  |  |
| $\quad$ Equity Share Capital | $1,40,00,000$ | $84,00,000$ |
| $\quad$ (Divided into Shares of ₹5 each fully paid up) |  |  |
| $\quad$ General Reserve | $28,00,000$ | $16,04,000$ |
| $\quad$ Trade Payables | $\underline{42,00,000}$ | $\underline{25,96,000}$ |
| Total | $\underline{2,10,00,000}$ | $\underline{1,26,00,000}$ |
| II. $\quad$ Asset | $\underline{2,10,00,000}$ | $\underline{1,26,00,000}$ |
| $\quad$ Sundry Assets | $\underline{2,10,00,000}$ | $\underline{1,26,00,000}$ |

The following further information is also given:
(i) Sun Ltd. absorbed Light Ltd. on the basis of intrinsic value of shares of Sun Ltd.
(ii) The Purchase Consideration is discharged in fully paid up shares.
(iii) Sun Ltd. owed a sum of ₹ $7,00,000$ to Light Ltd.
(iv) Inventory of Sun Ltd. included ₹ $8,40,000$ supplied by Light Ltd. at cost plus $25 \%$.
(v) Sundry Assets of Light Ltd. included Land of ₹ $28,00,000$ the market value of which is $₹ 35,00,000$.
You are required to:
(a) Give journal entries in the books of both Sun Ltd. and Light Ltd., if journal entries are passed at intrinsic value of shares of Sun Ltd.
(b) Calculate the intrinsic value of shares of Sun Ltd., and
(c) Prepare Balance Sheet of Sun Ltd. after absorption.
(16 Marks)

## Answer

## Journal Entries in the Books of Light Ltd.

|  |  |  | Dr. (\%) | Cr. (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Realization A/c <br> To Sundry assets A/c <br> (Being assets transferred to realization account on sale of business to Sun Ltd.) | Dr. | 1,26,00,000 | 1,26,00,000 |
| (ii) | Trade payables A/c <br> To Realization A/c <br> (Being trade payables transferred to realization account on sale of business to Sun Ltd.) | Dr. | 25,96,000 | 25,96,000 |
| (iii) | Equity share capital A/c <br> General reserve A/c <br> To Equity shareholders A/c <br> (Being transfer of share capital and general reserve to shareholders account) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Dr} \\ & \mathrm{Dr} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,00,000 \\ & 16,04,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1,00,04,000 |
| (iv) | Sun Ltd. <br> To Realization A/c <br> (Being purchase consideration due - W.N.) | Dr. | 1,07,04,000 | 1,07,04,000 |
| (v) | Equity shares in Sun Ltd. <br> To Sun Ltd. <br> (Being purchase consideration received by Sun Ltd.) | Dr. | 1,07,04,000 | 1,07,04,000 |
| (vi) | Realization A/c <br> To Equity shareholders A/C <br> (Being profit on realization transferred to shareholders account) | Dr. | 7,00,000 | 7,00,000 |

(vii) Equity shareholders A/c
To Equity shares in Sun Ltd. A/c
(Being 17,84,000 shares for ₹ 6 each distributed
to equity shareholders of Light Ltd.)

| Dr. | $1,07,04,000$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $1,07,04,000$ |

Journal Entries in the Books of Sun Ltd.

|  |  |  | Dr. ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | Cr. ( 7 ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Business purchase A/c <br> To Liquidators of Light Ltd. A/c <br> (Being amount payable to Light Ltd. - W.N. 2) | Dr. | 1,07,04,000 | 1,07,04,000 |
| (ii) | Sundry assets A/C <br> To Trade payables A/c <br> To Business purchase A/c <br> (Being assets \& liabilities taken over and purchase consideration due) | Dr. | 1,33,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 25,96,000 \\ 1,07,04,000 \end{array}$ |
| (iii) | Liquidators of Light Ltd. A/c <br> To Equity share capital A/c (17,84,000 x ₹ 5 ) <br> To Securities premium A/c ( $17,84,000 \times ₹ 1$ ) <br> (Being shares allotted in full payment of purchase consideration) | Dr. | 1,07,04,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 89,20,000 \\ & 17,84,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| (iv) | Trade payables A/c <br> To Trade receivables (of Light Ltd.) A/c <br> (Being cancellation of mutual liability of Trade receivables \&Trade payables of ₹ $7,00,000$ ) | Dr. | 7,00,000 | 7,00,000 |
| (v) | General reserve A/c <br> To Inventory A/c <br> (Being elimination of unrealized profit on unsold Inventory of ₹ $8,40,000$, bought from Light Ltd.) | Dr. | 1,68,000* | 1,68,000 |

*Unrealized profit $=₹ 8,40,000 \times 25 / 125$
Calculation of Intrinsic Value of shares of 'Sun' Ltd.

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sundry assets of Sun Ltd. | $2,10,00,000$ |
| Less: Trade payables | $\underline{(42,00,000)}$ |
| Net assets | $1,68,00,000$ |
| Number of equity shares $(140,00,000 / 5)$ | $28,00,000$ shares |
| Intrinsic value per equity share $=1,68,00,000 / 28,00,000$ | $₹ 6$ per share |

## Balance Sheet of Sun Ltd. as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021

| Particulars |  | Note No | $₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Equity and Liabilities |  |  |  |
| (1) Shareholder's Funds |  |  |  |
| (a) Share Capital |  | 1 | 2,29,20,000 |
| (b) Reserves and Surplus |  | 2 | 44,16,000 |
| (2) Non-Current Liabilities |  |  | Nil |
| (3) Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| (a) Trade payables |  | 3 | 60,96,000 |
|  | Total |  | 3,34,32,000 |
| II. Assets |  |  |  |
| (1) Non-current assets |  |  |  |
| (a) Property, Plant \& Equipment (Land) |  |  | 35,00,000 |
| (2) Current assets |  |  |  |
| (a) Sundry assets |  | 4 | 2,99,32,000 |
|  | Total |  | 3,34,32,000 |

Notes to Accounts

| Share Capital <br> $45,84,000$ Equity shares of ₹ 5 each <br> (of the above, 17,84,000 equity shares of ₹ 5 each are issued for consideration other than cash) |  |  | 2,29,20,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Reserve and Surplus |  |  |
|  | Securities premium | 17,84,000 |  |
|  | General reserve (28,00,000-1,68,000) | 26,32,000 | 44,16,000 |
| 3 | Trade payables $(42,00,000+25,96,000-7,00,000)$ |  | 60,96,000 |
| 4 | Sundry Current assets $(2,10,00,000+98,00,000-7,00,000-1,68,000)$ |  | 2,99,32,000 |

## Working Note:

## Calculation of Purchase Consideration

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sundry assets of Light Ltd. (other than Land) <br> $(1,26,00,000-28,00,000)$ | $98,00,000$ |


| Add: Land at market value | 35,00,000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,33,00,000 |  |
| Less: Trade payables | (25,96,000) |  |
| Net assets | 1,07,04,000 | Shares |
| Total number of equity shares to be issued by Sun Ltd. @ ₹ 6 per share (₹ $1,07,04,000 / ₹ 6$ ) | 17,84,000 |  |
|  | ₹ |  |
| Equity share capital ( $17,84,000$ shares $\times$ ₹ 5 ) | 89,20,000 |  |
| Securities premium (17,84,000 shares $\times$ ₹ 1 ) | 17,84,000 |  |
| Purchase consideration | 1,07,04,000 |  |

## Question 5

(a) From the following information given by Well Worth Insurance Co. Ltd., you are required to pass necessary Journal entries (with narration and required working notes) relating to Unexpired Risk Reserve.
(i) On 31.03 .20 it had reserve for unexpired risks amounting to $₹ 120$ crores. Its composition was as under:
(a) ₹ 45 crores in respect of Marine insurance business
(b) ₹ 60 crores in respect of Fire insurance business and
(c) ₹ 15 crores in respect of Miscellaneous insurance business
(ii) Well Worth Insurance Co. Ltd. reserves $100 \%$ of net premium income in respect of Marine insurance business and $50 \%$ of net premium income in respect of Fire and Miscellaneous insurance policies.
(iii) During 2020-21, the following business was conducted:

|  |  |  | ₹ in crore) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Marine | Fire | Miscellaneous |
| Premium collected from: |  |  |  |
| (a) Insured in respect of Policies issued | 54 | 129 | 36 |
| (b) Other Insurance Companies in respect of |  |  |  |
| risks undertaken | 21 | 15 | 12 |
| Premium paid/payable to other insurance <br> Companies on Business ceded | 30 | 15 | 24 |

(b) The following figures are available from the books of Prudent Bank Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

|  | Amount in ₹ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Interest and Discounts Received | $1,52,00,640$ |
| Interest Paid on Deposits | $91,81,440$ |
| Salaries and Allowances | $10,00,000$ |
| Directors' Fees and Allowances | $1,40,000$ |
| Rent and Taxes Paid | $4,00,000$ |
| Postage | $2,61,360$ |
| Statutory Reserve Fund | $32,00,000$ |
| Commission, Exchange and Brokerage Earned | $7,60,000$ |
| Rent Received | $2,88,000$ |
| Profit on sale of Investments | $9,03,200$ |
| Depreciation on Assets | $1,60,000$ |
| Statutory Expenses | $1,52,000$ |
| Preliminary Expenses | $1,20,000$ |
| Auditors' Fees | 48,000 |

The following further information is also available:
(i) Issued and Subscribed Capital of the Bank is ₹ $40,00,000$
(ii) Preliminary Expenses to be fully written off during the year.
(iii) Rebate on Bills Discounted was ₹ 60,000 as on 31 st March, 2020 and was ₹ 80,000 on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.
(iv) The Directors wish to declare a dividend of $15 \%$.
(v) Income Tax of ₹ $8,00,000$ is to be provided.
(vi) Mr. G, a customer of the bank, who had taken an advance of ₹ $40,00,000$ from the bank became insolvent and only $25 \%$ was expected to be recovered from his estate.
(vii) A provision of $₹ 8,00,000$ was also necessary on other debts.
(viii) There was no opening balance of Profit and Loss Account.

You are required to prepare the Profit and Loss Account and the Schedules of Profit and Loss Account of Prudent Bank for the year ended 31st March, 2021. Also show how the Profit and Loss Account will appear in the Balance Sheet.
(10 Marks)

## Answer

(a)

Journal Entries in the books of Well Worth Insurance Co. Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | (₹ in crores) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dr. | Cr . |
| 1.4.2020 | Unexpired Risk Reserve (Marine) A/c | 45.00 |  |
|  | Unexpired Risk Reserve (Fire) A/c | 60.00 |  |
|  | Unexpired Risk Reserve (Miscellaneous) A/c | 15.00 |  |
|  | To Marine Revenue A/c |  | 45.00 |
|  | To Fire Revenue A/c |  | 60.00 |
|  | To Miscellaneous Revenue A/c |  | 15.00 |
|  | (Being unexpired risk reserve brought forward from last year) |  |  |
| 31.3.2021 | Marine Revenue A/c | 45.00 |  |
|  | Fire Revenue A/c | 64.50 |  |
|  | Miscellaneous Revenue A/c | 12.00 |  |
|  | To Unexpired Risk Reserve (Marine) A/c |  | 45.00 |
|  | To Unexpired Risk Reserve (Fire) A/c |  | 64.50 |
|  | To Unexpired Risk Reserve (Miscellaneous) A/c |  | 12.00 |
|  | (Being closing reserve for unexpired risk created) |  |  |

## Working Note

Calculation of Closing Unexpired Risk Reserve

|  | Marine | Fire | Misc |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Premium collected from: |  |  |  |
| (a) Insured in respect of Policies issued | 54 | 129 | 36 |
| (b) Other Insurance Companies in respect of risks | $\underline{21}$ | $\underline{15}$ | $\underline{12}$ |
| $\quad$ undertaken | 75 | 144 | 48 |
| Total (a) + (b) | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{15}$ | $\underline{24}$ |
| Less: Premium Paid / Payable to other insurance | $\underline{35}$ |  |  |
| companies on Business ceded | $\underline{45}$ | $\underline{129}$ | $\underline{24}$ |
| Net Premium earned | $100 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| \% of creation of Unexpired Risk Reserve | 45 | 64.50 | 12 |

## Alternate Solution:

Alternative answer, where the additional amount for unexpired risk reserve is created without reversing the opening balances is also possible, which can be given as:

Journal Entries in the books of Well Worth Insurance Co. Ltd.


## Working Note

Calculation of additional amount of Unexpired Risk Reserve

|  | Marine | Fire | Misc |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Closing Unexpired Risk Reserve | 45 | 64.50 | 12 |
| Less: Opening Balance of unexpired risk reserve | 45 | 60 | 15 |
| Transfer to Unexpired Risk Reserve | 0 | 4.5 | $(3)$ |

(b)

Prudent Bank Limited
Profit and Loss Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021

|  |  | Schedule | Year ended <br> 31.03 .2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | $₹$ |
| I. | Income: |  |  |
|  | Interest earned |  | 13 |
|  | Other income | Total |  |
|  |  |  | 14 |
| II. | Expenditure | $\underline{19,51,640}$ |  |
|  | Interest expended |  | 15 |
|  | Operating expenses |  | 16 |



Profit \& Loss Account balance of ₹ $2,01,780$ will appear under the head 'Reserves and Surplus' in Schedule 2 of the Balance Sheet.

| Year ended 31.3.2021 ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. | Schedule 13 - Interest Earned |  |
|  | Interest/discount on advances/bills (Refer W.N. 2) | 1,51,80,640 |
|  |  | 1,51,80,640 |
|  | Schedule 14 - Other Income |  |
| 1. | Commission, exchange and brokerage | 7,60,000 |
| II. | Profit on sale of investment | 9,03,200 |
| III. | Rent received | 2,88,000 |
|  |  | 19,51,200 |
| 1. | Schedule 15 - Interest Expended |  |
|  | Interests paid on deposits | 91,81,440 |
|  |  | 91,81,440 |
|  | Schedule 16 - Operating Expenses |  |
| 1. | Payment to and provisions for employees (salaries \& allowances) | 10,00,000 |
| II. | Rent, taxes paid | 4,00,000 |
| III. | Depreciation on assets | 1,60,000 |
| IV. | Director's fee, allowances and expenses | 1,40,000 |


| V. | Auditor's fee | 48,000 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| VI. | Statutory expenses | $1,52,000$ |
| VII. | Postage | $2,61,360$ |
| VIII. | Preliminary expenses | $\underline{1,20,000}$ |
|  |  | $\underline{22,81,360}$ |

## Working Notes:

1. Provisions and contingencies

|  | ₹ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Provision on advance to Mr. G | $30,00,000$ |
| Provision on other debts | $8,00,000$ |
| Provision on Income tax | $\underline{8,00,000}$ |

2. Interest and discount earned

|  | ₹ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Interest and discount received | $1,52,00,640$ |
| Add: Rebate on bills discounted on 31.3.2020 | 60,000 |
| Less: Rebate on bills discounted on 31.3.2021 | $\underline{(80,000)}$ |

## Question 6

(a) You are required to pass necessary Journal entries in the books of an Independent Branch of a Company, wherever required, to rectify or adjust the following:
(i) Expenses of ₹ 5,000 allocated to the Branch by Head Office but not recorded in the Branch books.
(ii) Provision for doubtful debts for debtors, whose accounts are kept by the Head Office, not provided earlier for ₹ 3,000 .
(iii) Branch paid ₹ 4,000 as salary to a Head Office Manager, but the amount paid has been debited by the Branch to Salaries Account.
(iv) Branch incurred travelling expenses of ₹ 6,000 on behalf of other Branches, but not recorded in the books of Branch.
(v) A remittance of ₹ $1,00,000$ sent by the Branch has not been received by Head Office on the date of reconciliation of Accounts.
(vi) Head Office allocates ₹ 80,000 to the Branch as Head Office expenses, which has not yet been recorded by the Branch.
(vii) Head Office collected, ₹ 50,000 directly from a Branch Customer. The intimation of the fact has been received by the Branch only now.
(viii) Goods dispatched by the Head office amounting to ₹ 20,000 , but not received by the Branch till date of reconciliation. The Goods have been received subsequently.
(8 Marks)
(b) P Ltd. has two Departments $X$ and $Y$. From the following particulars you are required to prepare Departmental Trading Account and General (Combined) Trading and P \& L Account for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.

| Particulars | Department $X$ | Department $Y$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $₹$ | $₹$ |
| Opening stock (at Cost) | 70,000 | 54,000 |
| Purchase | $2,14,000$ | $1,66,000$ |
| Carriage inwards | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| Wages | 21,000 | 24,450 |
| Sales | $3,10,000$ | $2,54,000$ |
| Purchased goods transferred by Dept. Y to Dept. $X$ | 30,000 | - |
| Purchased goods transferred by Dept. $X$ to Dept. $Y$ | - | 24,000 |
| Finished goods transferred by Dept. $Y$ to Dept. $X$ | 80,000 | - |
| Finished goods transferred by Dept. $X$ to Dept. $Y$ | - | $1,00,000$ |
| Return of Finished Goods by Dept. Y to Dept. $X$ | 25,000 | - |
| Return of Finished Goods by Dept. $X$ to Dept. $Y$ | - | 17,000 |
| Closing Stock of Purchased Goods | 12,000 | 15,000 |
| Closing Stock of Finished Goods | 60,000 | 35,000 |

Purchased goods have been transferred mutually at their respective departmental purchase cost and finished goods at departmental market price and that $20 \%$ of the finished stock (closing) at each department represented finished goods received from the other department.
(8 Marks)
Answer
(a)

Journal Entries in Books of Branch

|  | Amount in ₹ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| (i) | Expenses Account <br> To Head Office Account A/c <br> (Being the expenses allocated by the Head office <br> not recorded earlier, now recorded) Dr. | 5,000 | Cr. |  |


| (ii) | Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c <br> To Head Office Account <br> (Being the provision for doubtful debts not provided earlier, now provided for) | Dr. | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (iii) | Head Office Account <br> To Salaries Account <br> (Being rectification of salary paid on behalf of Head Office) | Dr. | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| (iv) | Head Office Account <br> To Cash Account <br> (Being expenditure incurred on account of other branch, now recorded in books) | Dr. | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| (v) | No entry in Branch Books is required. |  |  |  |
| (vi) | Expenses Account <br> To Head Office Account <br> (Being allocated expenses of Head Office recorded) | Dr. | 80,000 | 80,000 |
| (vii) | Head Office Account <br> To Debtors Account <br> (Being adjustment entry for collection from Branch Debtors directly by Head Office) | Dr. | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| (viii) | Goods in transit Account <br> To Head Office Account <br> (Being goods sent by Head Office still in-transit) | Dr. | 20,000 | 20,000 |

(b)

P Ltd.
Departmental Trading A/c for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021

|  | Deptt. X. | Deptt. Y |  |  |  | Deptt. Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Stock | 70,000 | 54,000 | By | Sales | 3,10,000 | 2,54,000 |
| To Purchases | 2,14,000 | 1,66,000 | By | Purchased Goods transferred | 24,000 | 30,000 |
| To Wages | 21,000 | 24,450 | By | Finished goods transferred | 1,00,000 | 80,000 |
| To Carriage | 6,000 | 6,000 |  | Return of finished Goods | 17,000 | 25,000 |
| To Purchased Goods |  |  |  | Closing Stock: |  |  |
| transferred | 30,000 | 24,000 |  | Purchased Goods | 12,000 | 15,000 |


| To Finished Goods transferred | 80,000 | 1,00,000 | Finished Goods | 60,000 | 35,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Return of | 25,000 | 17,000 |  |  |  |
| To Gross profit c/d | 77,000 | 47,550 |  |  |  |
|  | 5,23,000 | 4,39,000 |  | 5,23,000 | 4,39,000 |

General (combined) Trading and P \& L Account for the year ending 31st March, 2021

|  |  | ₹ |  |  | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To | Opening Stock $\text { (₹ } 70,000 \text { + ₹ } 54,000 \text { ) }$ | 1,24,000 | By | Sales $\text { (₹ } 3,10,000+₹ 2,54,000 \text { ) }$ | 5,64,000 |
| To | Purchases (₹ 2,14,000 + ₹ 1,66,000) | 3,80,000 | By | Closing Stock: |  |
| To | Wages $\text { (₹ } 21,000+₹ 24,450)$ | 45,450 |  | Purchased Goods (₹ 12,000 + ₹ 15,000) | 27,000 |
| To | Carriage $(₹ 6,000+₹ 6,000)$ | 12,000 |  | Finished Goods (₹60,000 + ₹ 35,000) | 95,000 |
| To | Gross Profit c/d | 1,24,550 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6,86,000 |  |  | 6,86,000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To } \\ & \text { To } \end{aligned}$ | Stock Reserve | 3,200 | By | Gross Profit b/d | 1,24,550 |
|  | Net Profit | 1,21,350 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,24,550 |  |  | 1,24,550 |

## Working note:

| 1. Calculation of Rate of Gross Profit | Deptt. X | Deptt. Y |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Closing Stock out of transfer $\quad(20 \%)$ | $\underline{12,000}$ | $\underline{7,000}$ |
| Sale | $3,10,000$ | $2,54,000$ |
| Add: Transfer | $\underline{1,00,000}$ | $\underline{80,000}$ |
|  | $4,10,000$ | $3,34,000$ |
| Less: Returns | $\underline{(\underline{25,000})}$ | $\underline{(17,000)}$ |
| Net Sales plus Transfer | $\underline{3,85,000}$ | $\underline{3,17,000}$ |
| Rate of Gross profit | $\frac{77,000}{3,85,000} \times 100=$ | $\frac{47,550}{3,17,000} \times 100=15 \%$ |
|  | $20 \%$ |  |

2. Unrealized Profit
Deptt. X ₹ $12,000 \times 15 \%=₹ 1,800$
Deptt. Y ₹ $7,000 \times 20 \%=₹ 1,400$

## Question 7

Attempt any four questions.
(a) Briefly explain the following Qualitative characteristics of Financial Statements.
(i) Relevance
(iii) Comparability
(ii) Reliability
(iv) Faithful Representation
(b) Differentiate an ordinary partnership firm with an LLP (Limited Liability Partnership) in respect of the following:
(i) Applicable Law
(iii) Ownership of Assets
(ii) Number of Partners
(iv) Liability of Partners/Members
(c) The Liquidation of Beta Ltd. commenced on $24^{\text {th }}$ April, 2021. Certain creditors could not receive payments out of realization of assets and out of contributions from 'A' List contributories.

Given below are details of certain transfers of shares that took place in 2020 and 2021.

| Shareholders | Number of Shares <br> Transferred at the date <br> of ceasing to be <br> member | Date of <br> ceasing to be <br> member | Creditors remaining <br> unpaid and outstanding <br> (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | 6,000 | $05 / 04 / 2020$ | 16,000 |
| Q | 4,000 | $01 / 06 / 2020$ | 24,000 |
| $R$ | 6,000 | $10 / 08 / 2020$ | 30,000 |
| S | 1,200 | $15 / 12 / 2020$ | 32,000 |
| T | 800 | $15 / 01 / 2021$ | 38,000 |

The following information should be taken into consideration:
(i) All the shares were of $₹ 10$ each, of which $₹ 7$ paid up.
(ii) Expenses of liquidation and remuneration to liquidators have to be ignored.

You are required to calculate the amount to be realized from the various shareholders listed above.
(d) Fire Insurance division of Zed Insurance Company provides the following information. You are required to show the amount of net claim paid as it would appear in the Revenue Account for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

|  | Direct Business | Re-Insurance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Claim paid during the year | $70,60,000$ | $16,40,000$ |
| Claim received |  | $6,40,000$ |
| Claim payable: |  |  |
| 1st April, 2020 | $16,46,000$ | $1,18,000$ |
| 31st March, 2021 | $17,50,000$ | $1,76,000$ |
| Claim Receivable: |  |  |
| 1st April, 2020 | - | $1,70,000$ |
| 31st March, 2021 | - | $2,84,000$ |
| Expenses of Management (Including ₹ 76,000 | $6,90,000$ |  |
| Surveyor's fee and ₹ 84,000 Legal expenses for |  |  |
| settlement of claims) |  |  |

(e) Department $D$ sells goods to Department $E$ at a profit of $50 \%$ on cost and to Department $F$ at $20 \%$ on cost. Department $E$ sells goods to $D$ and $F$ at a profit of $25 \%$ and $15 \%$ respectively on sales. Department $F$ charges $30 \%$ and $40 \%$ profit on cost to Department $D$ and E respectively.
Stock lying at different departments at the end of the year is as under:

|  | Department $D$ | Department $E$ | Department $F$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Transfer from Department $D$ |  | 60,000 | 48,000 |
| Transfer from Department $E$ | 50,000 | - | 80,000 |
| Transfer from Department $F$ | 52,000 | 56,000 | - |

Calculate the Unrealized Profit of each Department and also total Unrealized Profit.
(4 Parts x 4 Marks = 16 Marks)
Answer
(a) (i) Relevance: The financial statements should contain relevant information only. Information, which is likely to influence the economic decisions by the users, is said to be relevant. Such information may help the users to evaluate past, present or future events or may help in confirming or correcting past evaluations.
(ii) Reliability: To be useful, the information must be reliable; that is to say, they must be free from material error and bias. The information in financial statements must be
reported in neutral manner. Prudence should be exercised in reporting uncertain outcome of transactions or events.
(iii) Comparability: Comparison of financial statements is one of the most frequently used and most effective tools of financial analysis. The financial statements should permit both inter-firm and intra-firm comparison. One essential requirement of comparability is disclosure of financial effect of change in accounting policies.
(iv) Faithful Presentation: The information provided is not likely to be reliable unless transactions and events reported are faithfully represented. Financial statements are required to show a true and fair view of performance, financial position and cash flows of an entity.
(b) Distinction between an ordinary partnership firm and an LLP

|  | Key Elements | Partnerships | LLPs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (i) | Applicable Law | Indian Partnership Act 1932 | The Limited Liability <br> Partnerships Act, 2008 |
| (ii) | Number of Partners | Minimum 2 and Maximum <br> 50 (earlier it was 20) | Minimum 2 but no <br> maximum limit |
| (iii) | Ownership of Assets | Firm cannot own any <br> assets. The partners own <br> the assets of the firm | The LLP as an <br> independent entity can <br> own assets |
| (iv) | Liability of Partners / <br> Members | Unlimited: Partners are <br> severally and jointly liable <br> for actions of other partners <br> and the firm and their <br> liability extends to personal <br> assets | Limited to the extent of <br> their contribution towards <br> LLP except in case of <br> intentional fraud or <br> wrongful act of omission or <br> commission by a partner. |

(c) Statement of Liabilities of B List Contributories

| Shareholder | No. of shares transferred | Maximum <br> liability upto <br> ₹ 3 per <br> share | Division of liability as on |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1.6.20 | 10.8.20 | 15.12.20 | 15.1.21 |  |
| Q | 4,000 | 12,000 | 8,000 | Nil | Nil | Nil | 8,000 |
| R | 6,000 | 18,000 | 12,000 | 4,500 | Nil | Nil | 16,500 |
| S | 1,200 | 3,600 | 2,400 | 900 | 300 | Nil | 3,600 |
| T | 800 | 2,400 | 1,600 | 600 | 200 | Nil | 2,400 |
|  | 12,000 | 36,000 | 24,000 | 6,000 | 500 | - | 30,500 |

## Notes:

1. 'P' transferred shares before one year preceding the date of winding up, therefore, he cannot be held liable for any liability on liquidation.
2. Liability of $S$ restricted to maximum allowable amount of $₹ 3,600(1,200$ shares $x$ $₹ 3$ ). Thus he will pay only ₹ $300[3,600$ less $(2,400+900)]$ on 15.12 .20. In the same manner, liability of ' $T$ ' has been restricted to the maximum allowable limit of ₹ 2,400 ( 800 shares $X$ ₹ 3 ). Therefore, amount payable by $T$ on 15.12 .20 is ₹ 200 [₹ 2,400 less ( $1,600+600$ ] only.
3. 'Q' will not be responsible for further debts incurred after 1 st June 2020 (from the date when he ceases to be a member). Similarly, 'R' \& 'S' will not be liable for the debts incurred after the date of their transfer of shares.
4. The creditors will be paid only ₹ 30,500 . They will bear loss for ₹ 7,500 .

## Working Note:

Calculation of Ratio for Discharge of Liabilities

| Date | Cumulative liability <br> ( ₹) | Increase in liabilities <br> ( ₹) | Ratio of no. of shares held <br> by Q, $R, S \& T$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1.6 .20 | 24,000 | - | $40: 60: 12: 8$ |
| 10.8 .20 | 30,000 | 6,000 | $60: 12: 8$ |
| 15.12 .20 | 32,000 | 2,000 | 12: 8 (subject to max. <br> liability of S and T) |
| 15.1 .21 | 38,000 | 6,000 | Only T (He will contribute <br> nothing because of his <br> maximum limit ₹ 2,400) |

(d) Zed Insurance Company (Abstract showing the amount of claims)

## Net Claims incurred

|  |  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Claims paid on direct business $(70,60,000+76,000+84,000)$ | $72,20,000$ |  |
| Add: Re-insurance | $16,40,000$ |  |
| Add: Outstanding as on 31.3. 2021 | $1,76,000$ |  |
| Less: Outstanding as on 1.4. 2020 | $\underline{(1,18,000)}$ | $\underline{16,98,000}$ |
|  |  | $89,18,000$ |
| Less: Claims received from re-insurance | $6,40,000$ |  |
| Add: Outstanding as on 31.3. 2021 | $2,84,000$ |  |
| Less: Outstanding as on 1.4. 2020 | $\underline{(1,70,000)}$ | $\underline{(7,54,000)}$ |
|  |  | $81,64,000$ |


| Add: Outstanding direct claims at the end of the year | $17,50,000$ <br> $99,14,000$ <br> Less: Outstanding direct claims at the beginning of the year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net claims incurred | $\underline{(16,46,000)}$ |

Note: The expenses incurred on settlement of claims such as surveyor's fee, legal expenses etc. should be shown under "claims incurred during the year".
(e) Calculation of unrealized profit of each department and total unrealized profit

|  | Dept. D | Dept. E | Dept. F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $₹$ | ₹ | $₹$ | $₹$ |
| Unrealized Profit of: Department D |  | $\begin{array}{r} 60,000 \times 50 / 150 \\ =20,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,000 \times 20 / 120 \\ =8,000 \end{array}$ | 28,000 |
| Department E | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \times .25 \\ =12,500 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 80,000 \times .15 \\ =12,000 \end{array}$ | 24,500 |
| Department F | $\begin{array}{r} 52,000 \times 30 / 130 \\ =12,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56,000 \times 40 / 140 \\ =16,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{28,000} \\ & \underline{80,500} \end{aligned}$ |

